

PHYSIKALISCHES KOLLOQUIUM

des Fachbereichs Physik der Johann Wolfgang Goethe-Universität Frankfurt

> Mittwoch, den 22.11.2017, 16 Uhr c.t. Großer Hörsaal, Raum _0.111, Max-von-Laue-Str. 1



Prof. Dr. Johanna Stachel

Physikalisches Institut, Universität Heidelberg

"Studying big bang matter in high energy nuclear collisions at the LHC"

The theory of strong interaction, quantum-chromo-dynamics, predicts for high temperature and density a new state of matter in which the confinement of quarks and gluons is lifted. This state, the quark-gluonplasma, existed in the early universe after the electro-weak phase transition up to about 10 microseconds. In the past 30 years acceleratorbased experiments have been conducted in order to recreate this state of matter for a short time. The ideal tool are collisions of heavy nuclei at energies as high as possible. With the Large Hadron Collider (LHC) at CERN an entirely new energy regime is accessible.

Two aspects of the data will be explored: Experimental knowledge about the phase bounary between ordinary hadronic matter and the quarkgluon plasma. This is based on the measured yields of various hadronic species. Here a direct link can be made the the full statistical operator of QCD including it's fluctuations. Evidence for deconfinement. This comes from the production of charmonia as a function of center of mass energy and centrality of the collision. The LHC data will be put into perspective vis-a-vis the results from lower energies.

Die Dozenten der Physik

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