Collective phenomena in organic charge-transfer salts close to the Mott transition Michael Lang (Universität Frankfurt)

Strong Frustration in Mott Insulators

- 1) Spin-liquid candidate κ -(BEDT-TTF)₂Cu₂(CN)₃
- a) Achievements
- Previous result: Prominent anomaly in α at 6 K, cf. R. S. Manna et al., PRL 104, 016403 (10)
- Increase in degree of frustration up to t/t = 0.86 @ 5 K upon cooling

H.O. Jeschke, M. de Souza, R. Valenti, R.S. Manna M. Lang, J.A. Schlueter, , PRB **85**, 035125 (12)

Field-induced abrupt length changes, reminiscent of "pinning effects" \bullet

R.S. Manna, M. de Souza, J.A. Schlueter and



Transport, dielectric and magnetic measurements **@ Helium-gas pressure**





M. Lang, Phys. Status Solidi C 9, 1180 (12) b) Project goals and work programme

1) Study of "pinning-like" effects via micro-Hall probe studies **B11**

2) EtMe₃X[Pd(dmit)₂]₂: dimers form slightly distorted triangular lattice with 1 e⁻/dimer

a) Achievements

X = P: valence-bond-solid (VBS)

- Strong anisotropic lattice effects at T_{VBS}
- More anisotropic triangular lattice (quasi-1D)

b) Project goals and work programme

- X = Sb: Splin-liquid candiate
- 1) In-plane $\alpha(T)$: *a* and *b*-axis
 - Characteristic temperatures?

2) Low- $T \alpha(T)$ (T < 1.4 K)

- Low-lying gapless excitations ($\alpha \propto T$)? Field-induced spin gap?,
- cf. Yamashita et al., Science 328, 1246 (10)
- Signatures of 1 K anomaly (NMR measurements: symmetry breaking and/or topological order?), cf. Itou et al., Nature Phys. 6, 673 (10)



B2

-0− 0 T -●− 10 T

6 8 10 12 T(K)

- Connection board including manometer, valves, capillaries etc. (23.526 €)
- Capacative dilatometer cell (15.470 €)
- 50 100 150 200 T [K] indicative of anomalous behaviour at T < 1K!
- Comparison with 6 K anomaly in κ -(BEDT-TTF)₂Cu₂(CN)₃. cf. R.S. Manna *et al.,* PRL **104**, 016403 (10)



EtMe,Sb laye

B2

κ -(BEDT-TTF)₂Hg(SCN)₂Cl

a) Achievements

- Metal-Insulator (MI) transition at 30 K (assigned to charge order, Drichko et al., PRB 89, 075133 (14)) rapidly suppressed under pressure
- No superconductivity under pressure!
- Relaxor-type dielectric response

P. Lunkenheimer, Augsburg

Successful growth of single crystals

b) Project goals and work programme



S. Köhler, PhD Thesis (in preparation)



Staffing of the project from auxiliary support

- Elena Gati (Ph.D. student)
- high-resolution thermal expansion measurements at ambient and finite gas pressure
- magnetic measurements (SQUID) under gas pressure
- David Zielke (Ph.D. student)
- measurements of the electrical resistance and the dielectric constant at ambient and finite gas pressure
- high-resolution specific heat measurements

Role within SFB/TR49

1) Search for superconductivity at lower *T* and higher *P*



B2 B11 B12

2) Study nature of MI-transition: suggested scenario of paired-electron-crystal Cf. Drichko et al., PRB 89, 075133 (14); Li et al., J. Phys. Condens. Matter 22, 272201 (10)



- strong and highly anistropic $\alpha(T)$? • Nonmagnetic ground state via $\chi(T)$?
- Entropy release via C(T)?

3) Sample-to-sample variations in dielectric measurements:

• Order-disorder-type in higher-quality single crystals?

Close collaborations exist to the following projects \Rightarrow 2D-DMRG calculations \Rightarrow Spin-liquid candidate systems **B**1 \Rightarrow Band-structure calculations, calculation of dielectric response **B2**

- \Rightarrow Photoemission experiments **B**8
 - \Rightarrow Noise spectroscopy, dielectric measurements and inelastic neutron scattering

 \Rightarrow STM/STS measurements **B12**



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