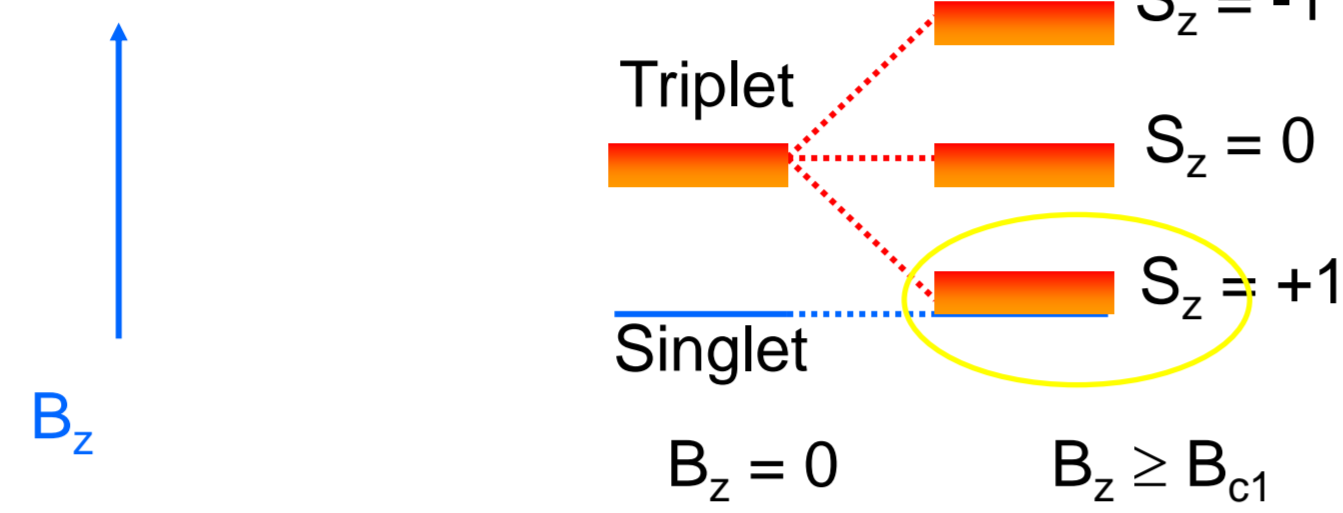
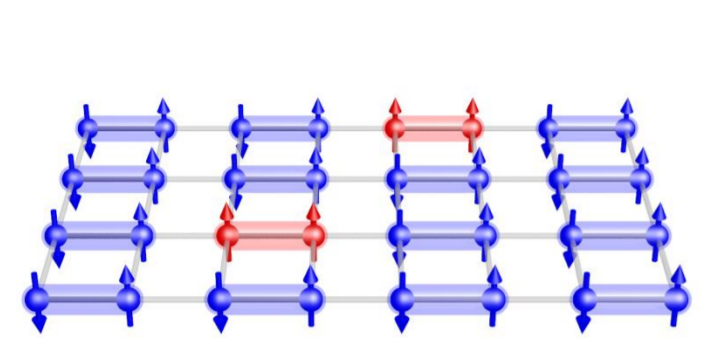


Introduction

Exploring the collective behaviour of magnetic excitations in quantum-spin systems, e.g., arrays of coupled ($S = 1/2$) dimers in magnetic fields



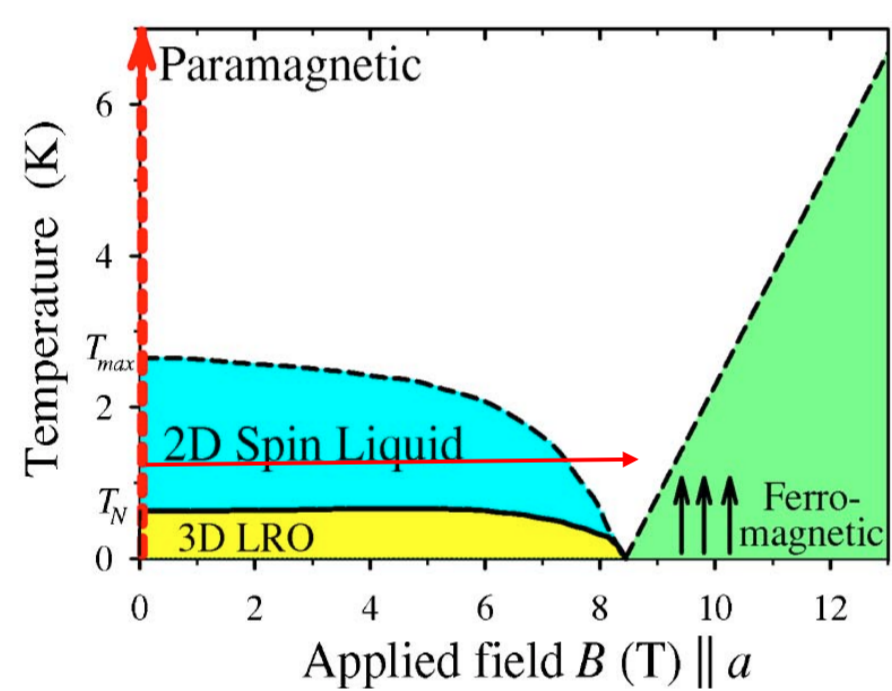
Main objectives

- i) Spin-phonon interaction and quantum criticality
- ii) B -induced order in coupled-dimer systems
- iii) Magnetocaloric effect around a quantum-critical point

i) Magnetic and thermodynamic properties near a B -induced quantum-critical point

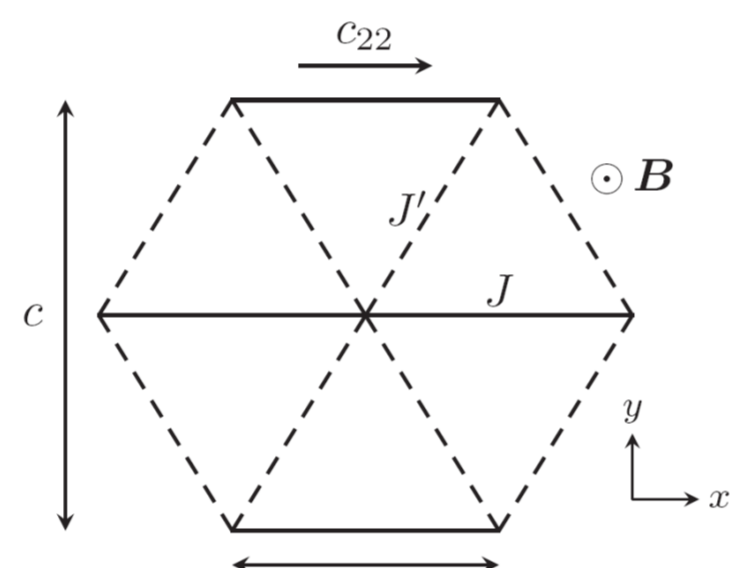
Achievements

Cs_2CuCl_4 : 2D triangular-lattice antiferromagnet



- coupling constants $J = 4.35$ K, $J' = 0.34$ J, $J'', D = 0.05$ J

- magnetic excitations dominant along b axis \Rightarrow dimensional reduction; description in terms of Heisenberg chain

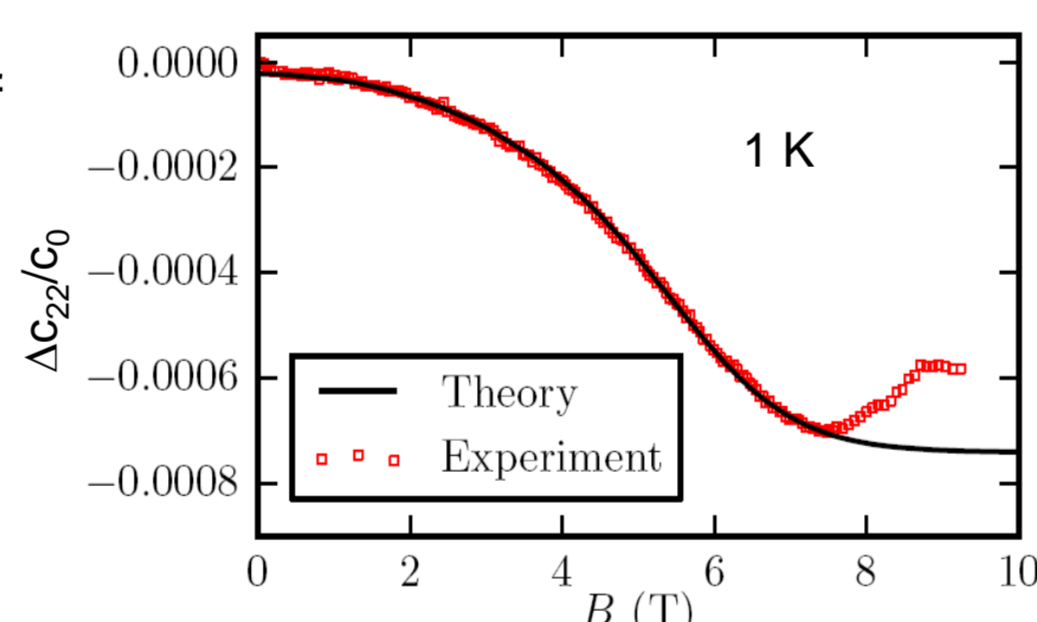


A8 B1 B4

Streib *et al.*, PRB 91, 041108(R) (2015), joint publication

- novel microscopic description of the magnetoelastic coupling in the spin-liquid regime
- model not applicable close to the QCP

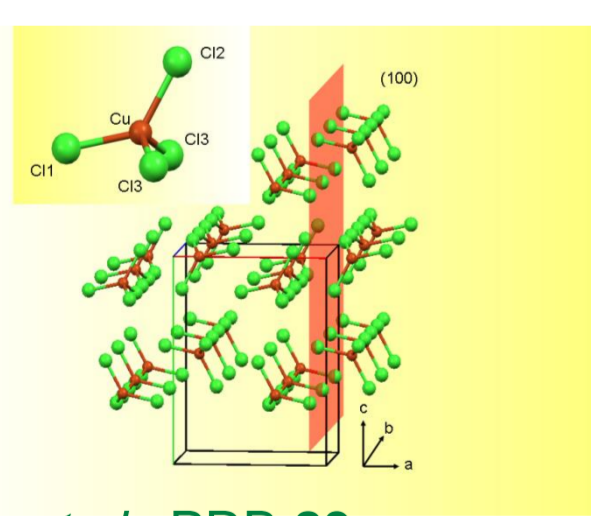
- $\text{Cs}_2\text{CuCl}_{4-x}\text{Br}_x$: well-suited for investigating the interplay of
 - strong quantum fluctuations in reduced dimensions
 - the effects of geometrical frustration
 - spin-lattice interaction



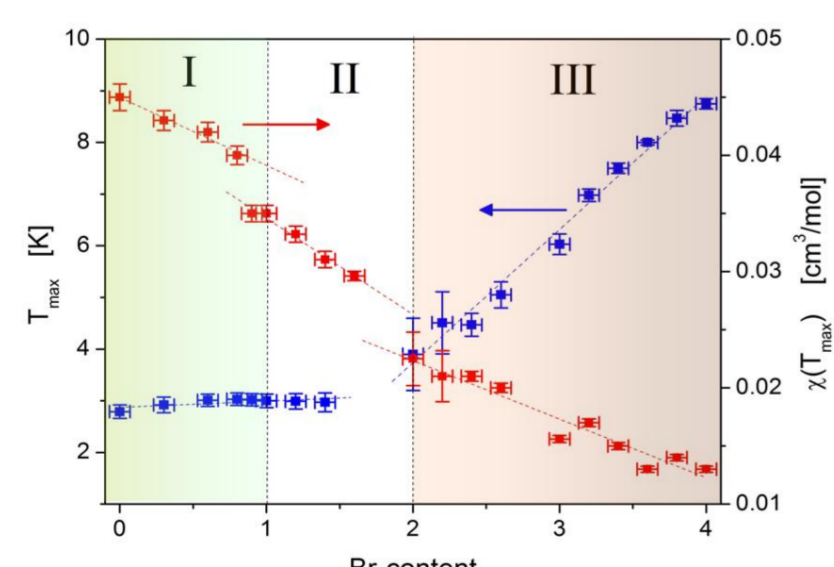
Goals and work programme

B1 B4 B13N A8

Novel mixed Cu-halides discovered in the SFB/TR 49: $\text{Cs}_2\text{CuCl}_3\text{Br}_1$ / $\text{Cs}_2\text{CuCl}_2\text{Br}_2$



Cong *et al.*, PRB 83, 064425 (2011)



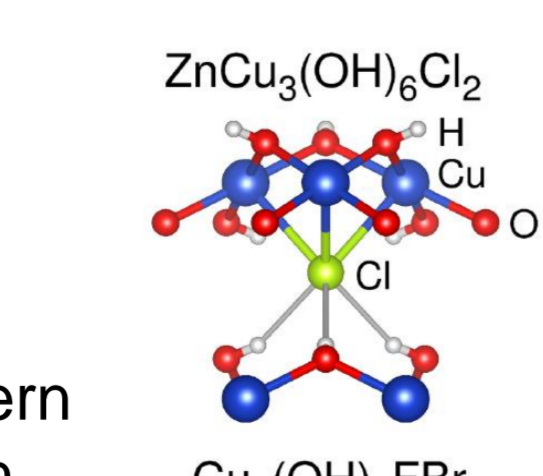
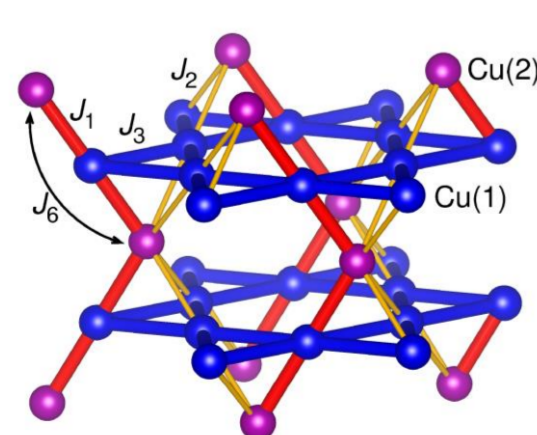
- influence of different degrees of frustration on the magnetoelastic coupling on the spin liquid properties
- experimental and theoretical investigations of the magnetoelastic behaviour near QCP

B1 B4 B2 B3

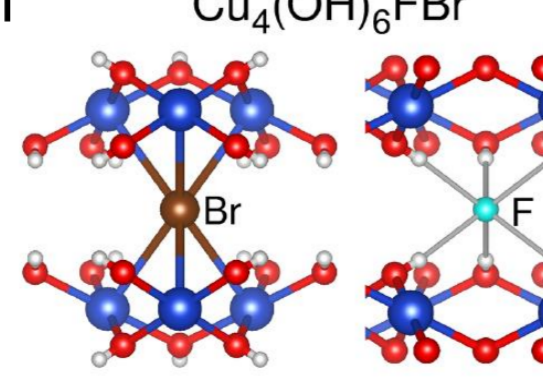
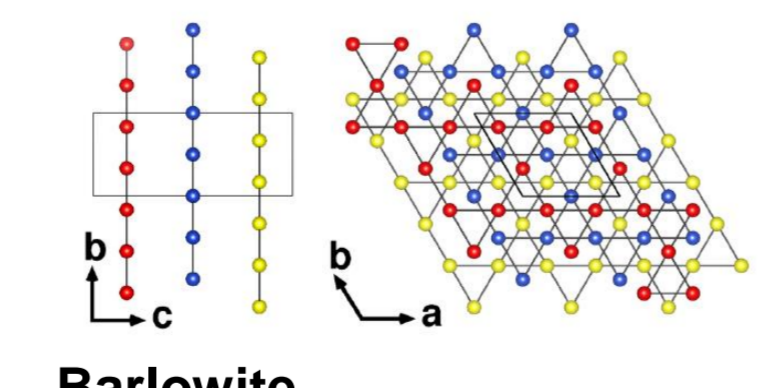
new kagome systems

based on novel design strategy: \Rightarrow variations in kagome stacking pattern and terms (such as DM) in the spin Hamiltonian

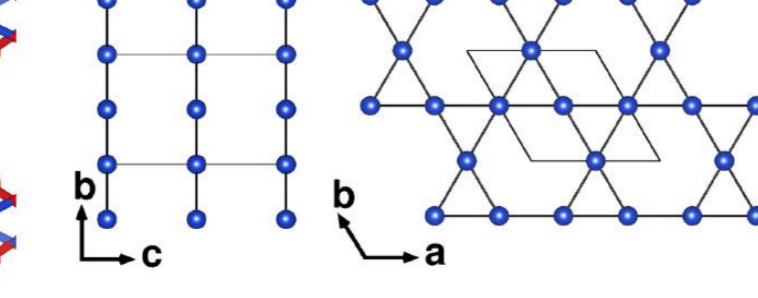
- investigation of the spin-liquid properties
- study the interplay between the tuning parameter and spin-liquid states



Herbertsmithite



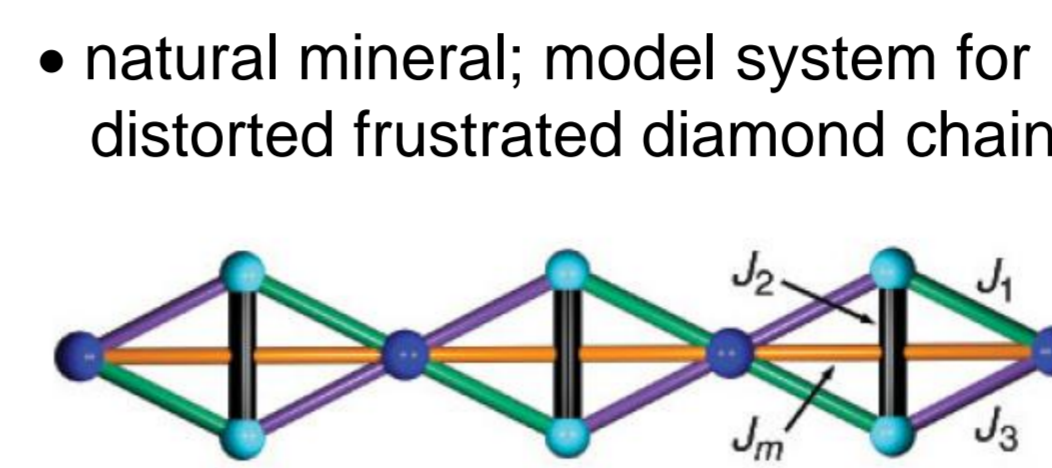
Barlowite



Jeschke *et al.*, arXiv 1412.4668 (2014) joint publication

Achievements

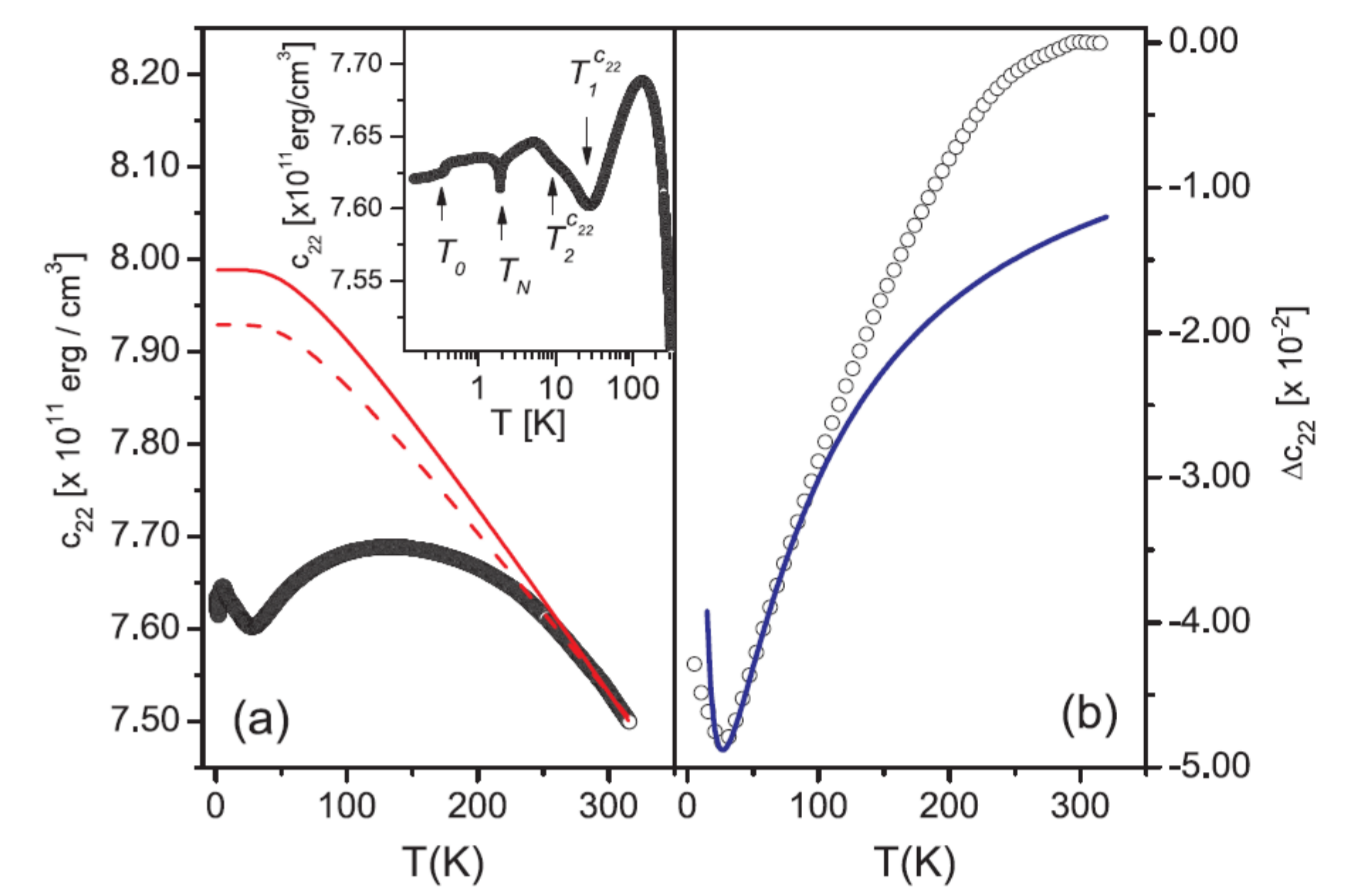
azurite: distorted frustrated diamond chain;



- natural mineral; model system for distorted frustrated diamond chain
- effective $S = 1/2$ model \Rightarrow explanation for experimental findings

Jeschke *et al.*, PRL 106, 217201 (2011)

- model description does not include magnetoelastic couplings



Cong *et al.*, PRB 89, 174427 (2014)

- exceptionally large magnetoelastic coupling constant: $G = \partial J_2 / \partial \epsilon_b \gg 1$ \Rightarrow anomalous magnetoelastic coupling indicating structural peculiarities

Goals and work programme

- perturbation theory-based calculations \Rightarrow origin of the huge magnetoelastic coupling

B1 B13N

ii) Exploring the B -induced order in 2D coupled-dimer systems

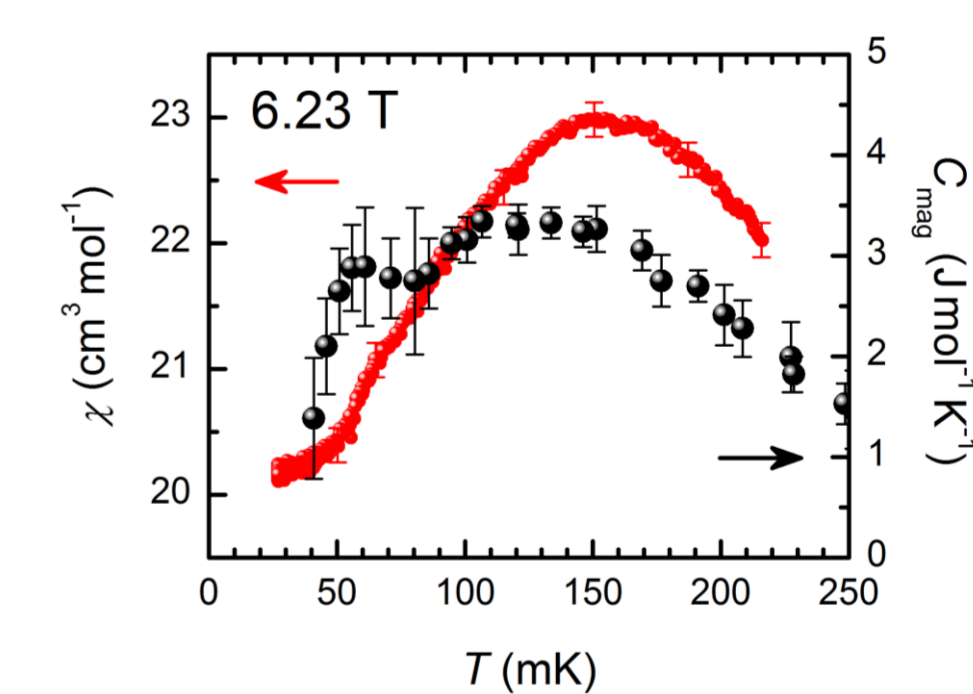
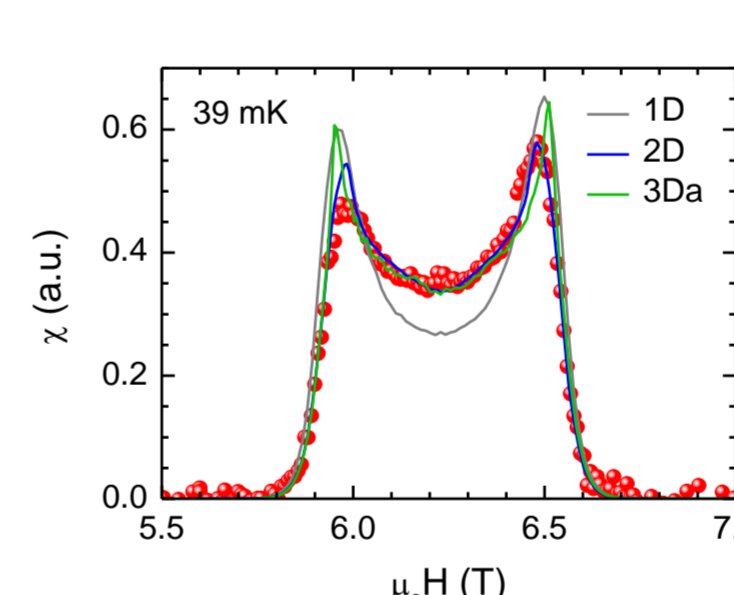
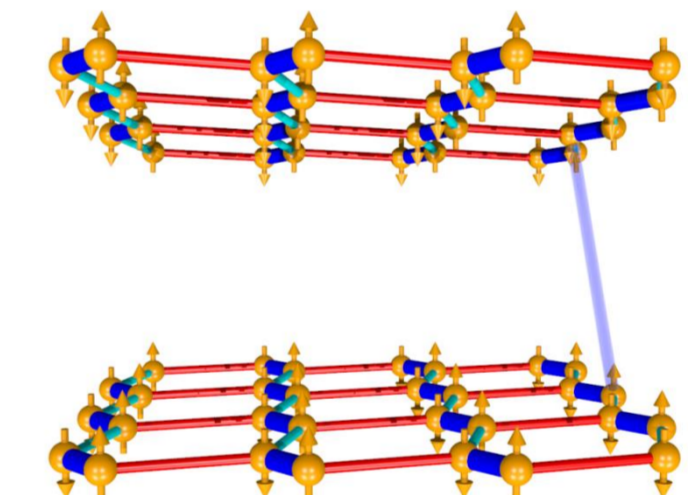
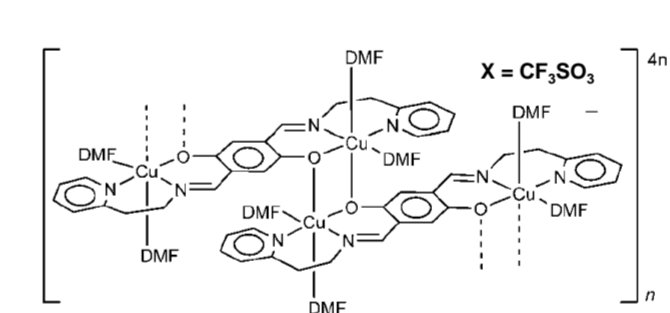
Achievements

Cu-coordination polymer TK 91: 2D-coupled-dimer system

- TK 91 ($\text{C}_{36}\text{H}_{48}\text{Cu}_2\text{F}_6\text{N}_8\text{O}_{12}\text{S}_2$), characterized by $\chi(T, B)$ and $C(T, B)$ \Rightarrow Field-induced "ordered state" \Rightarrow no long-range order for $T \geq 27$ mK

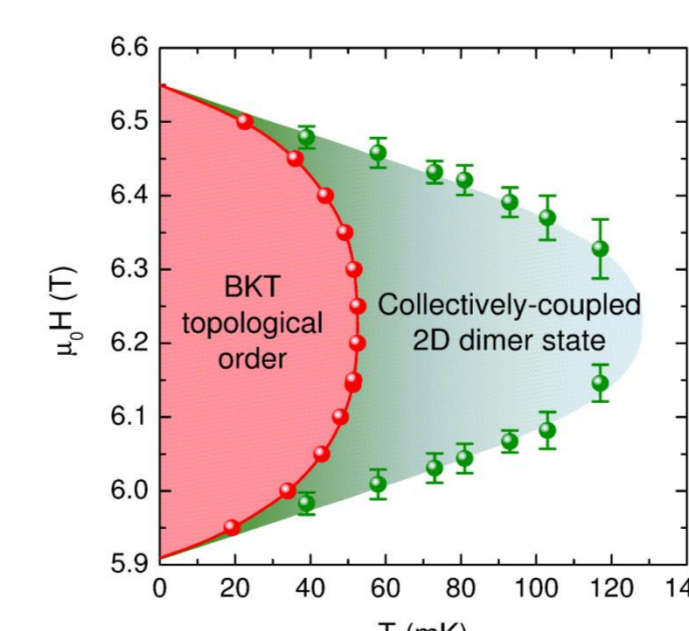
B1 B2 B5

Tutsch *et al.*, Nature Commun. 5, 5169 (2014) joint publication

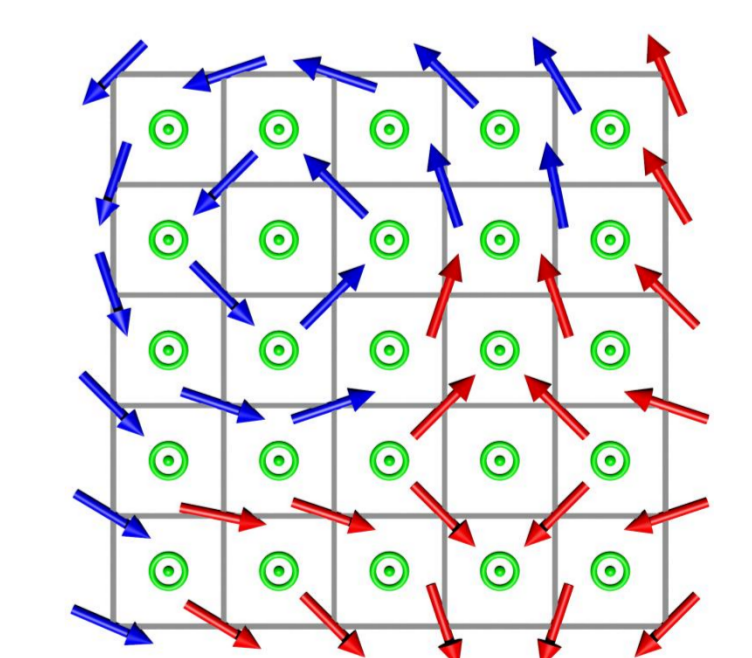


- ab initio* calculations and quantum Monte Carlo simulations \Rightarrow excitations reveal a distinctly 2D character \Rightarrow Berezinskii-Kosterlitz-Thouless scenario

- broad maximum in specific heat at 120 mK is consistent with a 2D-Heisenberg model



\Rightarrow occurrence of vortex and antivortex excitations in the collectively-coupled dimer state



- For 2D systems: quantum Monte Carlo simulations predict an in- T linear change of magnetization at the critical fields \Rightarrow observed in ac -susceptibility measurements

$$\chi = \frac{\partial M}{\partial H} \xrightarrow{H = \text{const.}} \chi_B \propto M$$

Straßel *et al.*, arXiv: 1412.0266

